

Instructional Design, Delivery And Evaluation Of Interactive Case Based E-Contents For Continuous Professional Development Of Physicians

Saadat S, Tehran University of Medical Sciences, Iran
Mojtahedzadeh R, Tehran University of Medical Sciences, Iran
Mohammadi A, Tehran University of Medical Sciences, Iran

ABSTRACT

Background and purpose: Studies have shown the advantages of electronic continuous professional development (CPD) for physicians. Developing case-based e-CPD activities, one of the popular formats of e-CPD programs, is difficult and time consuming. In this article we describe our experience of performing instructional system design for creating case-based CPD e-contents, for physicians in the Tehran University of Medical Sciences, Tehran, Iran.

Methods: We performed a five-step instructional system design (i.e. system analysis, design, development, delivery and evaluation) to create e-contents. We held several sessions with experts of the field to perform system analysis. Then we determined contents' framework and a plan for faculty members' (e-content providers) development and incentives. In the development phase, we held workshops for faculty members and trained e-learning advisors who would help faculties to create contents. Incentives were legitimized. Then we delivered programs to the learners who would fill a program evaluation questionnaire after completing the study of each program. The questionnaire consisted of 5 evaluative statements that were scored on 5-point Likert scales, ranging from 1 (strongly disagree) to 5 (strongly agree). It was validated by 10 e-learning and medical education experts. An exploratory principal factor analysis yielded to one factor, which accounted for 74% of the variance. All items displayed loadings above 0.90 on the factor. The questionnaire had a high degree of internal consistency (Cronbach's alpha= .95). The data were processed by SPSS (Version 17.0. Chicago: SPSS Inc.).

Results: 20 e-CPD programs were developed and delivered to the learners. Totally 3644 learner-programs were studied. Participants rated the programs as 4.56 (SD= 0.65) on the 1-5 Likert-type scale.

Conclusion: Results showed that the learners rated this kind of learning activity very high. On the other hand we had some challenges for developing the contents. Performing a comprehensive instructional system design would help to overcome the barriers.

Keywords: E-learning, case based learning, e-content, continuous professional development