From: NIDA International Program

Sent: Monday, March 23, 2017 11:17 PM

To: 'effat_mer@yahoo.com'

Subject: NIDA International Forum—Decisions Announced for Abstract Selection

Dear Effat Merghati-Khoei:

On behalf of the National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA) International Program, we are pleased to inform you that the NIDA International Program abstract selection committee has reviewed your research abstracts. The submitted abstract titled,

High-risk behaviors among Iranian female drug users inspiring Health Belief Model

and has been selected as a poster presentation during the 2017 NIDA International Forum's Poster Session. Your other abstracts were not selected (Case-Control Study Of Factors Influencing On Drug Abuse Relapse In Addicts Referred To Two Recovery Centers In Tehran, and Demographic Variables Associated With Relapse In Women And Men Referred To The Selected Addiction Treatment Centers In Tehran: A Case-Control Study). With this selection, the NIDA International Program cordially invites you to attend the 2017 NIDA International Forum, an annual event that attracts nearly 300 international and U.S. researchers and policymakers who are committed to addressing the global problems of drug abuse and addiction. Your participation, especially in the Poster Session, will be important to continued development of international collaborations and networks committed to the advance of drug abuse research, treatment, prevention, and policy.

NIDA International Forum 2017

.NIDA International Forum, June 16-19, Montreal, Canada ٢٠١٧

The College on Problems of Drug Dependence

NIDA Forum: Abstract Acceptance Receipt - High-risk behaviors among Iranian female drug ٢٠١٧ users inspiring Health Belief Model

<nida-forum <notifications@exordo.com-٢٠١٧

To effat_mer@yahoo.com

at 10:13 AM ١۶/١٢/٢۶

NIDA International Forum ٢٠١٧

https://2017-nida-forum.exordo.com

Dear Effat

Congratulations!

You have received this email receipt, as you are listed as one of the co-authors and presenter of the submission below.

"High-risk behaviors among Iranian female drug users inspiring Health Belief Model" . Please take a moment to review the submission. You can make changes by logging in to your Ex Ordo Dashboard and using your 'View my Papers' to do (on or before Tuesday, 17th January 2017 @ 23:59 America/New_York). Further information on how to edit your submission can be found in the article below:

http://support.exordo.com/article/474-how-to-edit-your-submission

Thank you for your interest in the 2017 NIDA International Forum. Information about the Forum's developing agenda and other important details can be found on the NIDA International Program's website at https://www.drugabuse.gov/international/international-forum

Abstract Submission for Your Review:

High-risk behaviors among Iranian female drug users inspiring Health Belief Model

Effat Merghati Khoei (Tehran University of Medical Sciences, Iranian National Center for Addiction Studies (INCAS))

Mansoureh Jamshidimanesh (Iran University of Medical Sciences)

Fariba Ilika (Iran University of Medical Sciences)

Abstract

Aim: The relationship between drug use (DU) and risky sexual behaviors (RSB) is well documented. Sexually transmitted infections are a health crisis among Iranian DU women, who experience higher rates of morbidity than their male counterparts. There are very limited interventions that help to prevent RSB, promote self-efficacy and reduce STIs/HIV within Iranian DU populations. The efficacy of gender specific education based on the health belief model (HBM) was examined in this study.

Methods: Participants of this experimental study were 106 DU women aged 18 and above; who were sexually active. Women were recruited from Drop-In-Centers in Tehran capital of Iran. Women

were randomly allocated to intervention group (n=53) who received a gender specific education inspiring HBM (4 sessions, 60 min each) and control group (n=53) who received one session health education relevant to STIs/HIV prevention. We collected data using a valid structured questionnaire at baseline and 2 month follow up after intervention. Descriptive/analytical tests including t-test, logistic regression analysis, and Pearson correlation Mean, ANCOVA analysis were used.

Result: Mean age of women in the intervention arm (35.3±7.4) and control (36.2±8.3) did not show significant difference. The mean score of intervention group in knowledge and attitude ($p < .0001$), perceived susceptibility ($p < .0001$), perceived benefits ($p = .001$), perceived barriers ($p < .0001$), perceived self- efficacy ($p < .0001$) were significantly greater than those in control group.

Conclusion: Gender specific education is suggested to reduce risky sexual behaviors by promoting their self-efficacy. This information will be critically useful in guiding gender-sensitive drug prevention and treatment programs.

Topics

PREVENTION – Studies that explore the development, testing, and translation of prevention interventions that target the initiation of drug use, progression to abuse and dependence, and transmission of HIV infection among diverse populations and settings.

Additional Info

Yes   Submitting Same Abstract to CPDD:

Acknowledging Grant Support or Research Funding:

Other Properties

Poster   Presentation Format:

٨٣   Paper ID:

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